

SALT LAKE HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

BY THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.

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THE HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

R. C. BROWNLEE, Business Manager.

THE DOG had returned to its vomit and the hog to its wallowing in the mire.

Was it "pressure of business" or pressure of Powers that caused Jacob to go into the political Egypt? Or is he playing Esau and the public at the same time?

"A ticket head and shoulders above every other ticket" is what the Liberal boss says must be nominated. That's the kind of ticket that the Liberals put up in 1890 and also in 1892. Or is he said at the time, but what kind of a "crowd" does the Tribune call it now?

When the Tribune thought there was a chance to run the Citizens' movement it turned its back on the Liberal outfit. But since it has been developed that the Independents want no Tribune in their hands has gone back to its old love, "unsatisfactory" as it has proven to be.

THE LIBERAL OUTFIT said on Saturday, "There was talk that the Independents would hold their city convention on Monday, but the call is not yet out." The call was published in Saturday's HERALD and is set for Monday, September 25, at 12 o'clock noon, in the Old Federal court room. Look in THE HERALD for reliable political information.

THE IDEA of the Tribune finding fault with a deputy registrar in the First precinct for taking part in the meeting of Independent citizens is funny. How about those Liberal registrars who not only exhibited "pernicious activity," but violated law, truth and decency in their offensive "partisanship" in the campaign of 1890-92 and were upheld and applauded in all their dirty work by their organ, the Tribune?

O. W. POWERS is stirred up in his indignation at the spectacle of Democrats and Republicans uniting for a municipal reform that he admits is necessary. But he is willing to lead both alleged Republicans and purported Democrats under the Liberal banner (where's the carpet-bag?) to prevent the change that is demanded. Fusion to perpetuate Liberal misrule is lovely. Fusion to promote reform is frightful. The Independent movement will make the boastful boss a great deal sicker before he has done with it.

"THE USUAL provision which confers citizenship on resident aliens" is very unusual, whether it is placed in the Wheeler bill for Utah's admission into the Union or not. In its hatred of Utah's freedom, our morning contemporary becomes exceedingly dense. If it means that Delegate Rawlins' bill confers citizenship on resident aliens at the time of admission, it is wrong, for there is no such provision in the bill. If it means that the provision is usual and has been left out, it is equally wrong, because the provision is not usual. The only thing that is clear in its muddled attack on statehood, is that it is "opposed wholly and absolutely to the statehood proposition."

POWERS to MORRIS: "On the one hand are those who insist that all public works cease and that the man who handles the pick and shovel shall become a medicant, and on the other hand are the Independents, who, beholding the promised land of statehood, hastily reach forth to once more seize power and so far as in them lies relegate Salt Lake city to church rule and stagnation."

The question is, which "hand" the Liberals are on. If not on "the other hand," where the Independents are said to be, then it must be that the Liberals are "those who insist that all public works shall cease and that the man who handles the pick and shovel shall become a medicant." We were not aware that this was the policy of Liberalism, or indeed of any party or faction in this city, but perhaps this is the new Powers policy.

WITH ITS usual dishonesty the Tribune endeavors to wiggle its way out of the corner into which it is driven. In its attempt to make the New York Sun a Democratic authority on the tariff. Because the New York World finds fault with an appointment made by the President, that does not change its position as a Democratic newspaper. The Sun advocates protection. On that question it is hostile to the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only. Therefore it is not a Democratic authority in that respect. When the Tribune says the Democracy of the New York Sun is denied because the Sun is not a worshipper of Cleveland, it utters a double falsehood intentionally and knowingly. The Democracy of the Sun is not denied except as an authority on Cleveland and the tariff. Its editor takes Cleveland and livers the Chicago tariff plank, and staple papers like the Salt Lake Tribune take the Sun's story against it for logical arguments in its support.

LAWLESSNESS IN THE SOUTH.

It is gratifying to know that the reign of lawlessness on the stock ranges of Southern Utah is nearly at an end. For a long time complaints have come from the stock-owners of our Dixie that cattle thieves held sway on the ranges and that it was almost impossible to bring them to justice. The court, held occasionally at Beaver, was so conducted that the expenses of prosecution outweighed the benefits resulting from conviction. Witnesses were unwilling to come from long distances first to testify before a commissioner, next to a grand jury, and then before a petit jury if the case ever reached trial, and the thieves had a soft thing of it.

Judge Judd started in with the purpose of enforcing the laws in that district and has struck terror into the camps of the cattle robbers. The sheriffs and their deputies, and the justices of the peace in the respective counties and precincts, are now placed upon their honor and empowered to aid in the administration of the law. A court has been held in Beaver at which the grand and petit juries have acted manfully and with the assurance that their work would not be in vain and thorough business has been done with no apparent disposition to rush it through in hot haste and half finished, that judge and prosecuting attorney might have them back to the capital of the territory.

We do not say this to cast any unfair reflection upon previous officials, but merely to show that now there is a prospect of breaking up the stock thieving industry in the south. Judge Judd has returned from Beaver and speaks very favorably of the action of jurors and witnesses, and says Judge Barton was equally anxious with others to have the laws fairly and promptly enforced. With the assurance that this will be done with vigor and dispatch, good people in the south will take courage, and with the certainty that conviction will quickly follow proof of guilt, the rustlers will travel to other regions or their way into the penitentiary. Southern Utah is to be congratulated.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

During the present week, commencing on Monday, citizens who have failed to register may call at the office of the registration officer and by taking the oath have their names placed on the registration list. It is stated that "the officers have failed to find a large number of persons whose names are on the lists of this city."

Of course, that is just what was anticipated. It was not expected that the dead men, the dummies, the gangs of section hands working on the railroad line south and east of the city nearly to the Colorado line, whose names were placed on the registration lists by Liberal registrars would be found in a fair canvass from house to house. Some of them were never residents of the city. Others were transients. Still others were entirely fictitious.

The lists should be thoroughly purged. Only persons who have been bona fide residents of the territory six months and of the precinct one month, immediately preceding their registration, will be entitled to vote at the November election. They must give their residence when they register. That residence ought to be verified. The tricks by which the lists were crowded with names illegally must not be permitted this time. The means are at hand to prevent or expose and punish them.

Every qualified citizen who wants to vote at the approaching election ought to see that his name and residence are duly registered. We say this regardless of the party to which they belong or the ticket they intend to support. It cannot be truthfully asserted that the registration, so far, has been in any way unfair or partisan.

We have every reason to believe, from the course and character of the County Registrar and his deputies, that every qualified voter will have full opportunity to register, and that if his name is not found on the list at election time it will be his own fault. And we are of the opinion that it will be dangerous at the coming election for any person to attempt to vote illegally, or to induce any other person to vote illegally. This may be taken as a timely warning.

The interest aroused over the action recently taken to down the faction that has nearly ruined the municipality, renders it probable that there will be a great deal of registering during the present week. Therefore unregistered citizens should not delay but take time by the forelock, as the lists are to be closed at the end of the week. And the registration office should be prepared with a view to a big registration. Let no citizen whose name ought to be on the registration list neglect to do his duty.

THE TROUBLE IN BRAZIL.

The revolution in Brazil, if there is in reality an uprising sufficiently important to be dignified by that term, has drawn public attention to that portion of South America. Central and South American "revolutions" are so frequent and occasionally so harmless that they are thought little more of in the north than a street brawl or a labor riot.

Brazil is the most important and the largest of the South American states. Most of it is in a tropical climate, but it has high plateaus where the atmosphere is more temperate and where it is much healthier than in the lowlands. It covers an area of over three million square miles and boasts of three great river systems, the Amazon, the La Plata and the Sao Francisco. It has immense forests from which much valuable timber is exported, and its vegetation is on a gigantic scale, while its fruits are varied and plentiful. Coffee, rice, cotton and tobacco are raised in great abundance and sugar is among its important products. Iron ores of splendid quality are mined but not very extensively, gold and diamonds are found in many places.

able and peaceful sovereign, loving liberty and desiring the welfare of his people. He was but six years of age when he succeeded to the throne, a regent being appointed till he was fifteen, when he assumed supreme power. A constitution was soon framed, modeled after that of the United States in some respects. The power of the Emperor was limited. Two Houses of the Legislative Assembly were established, provincial affairs were regulated by local legislatures and each province had its own executive.

The abdication of Dom Pedro, the last Emperor, and the establishment of a republic are matters of recent history. Since the change in the form of government the peaceful condition of the country has been greatly changed. Turmoil and strife have prevailed and the admirers of Dom Pedro II, who are many in the United States as well as in Brazil, express the hope that the present rebellion will result in the re-establishment of the empire, as the people are considered as yet unfit for the full liberties of republican self-government.

Most of the improvements in the country have been inaugurated and pushed by foreigners, many of them citizens of the United States residing there. And if it were possible to make of Brazil one of the United States or bring it under control of this government so that American energy and American institutions could prevail there, it would become a magnificent country and contribute greatly to the riches of the world.

THE PRESSING ISSUE.

The action taken in the Democratic primaries last night with one exception amounts to inaction. That perhaps was the wisest course to pursue in view of the situation. It is desirable that a mutual understanding shall be arrived at by the differing political organizations, so that there may be no conflict between the respectable elements of Salt Lake society.

Democrats and Republicans, a great many former Liberals, and those people who have not affiliated with either party, but whose votes count just the same as though they had, are united in a desire for a good city government, free from the influences which have brought so much evil since the Liberals went into power, in February, 1890. They ought to become united also in political action. Not that they can fuse into one party. That is not to be expected. But to effect the reform which is an absolute necessity to the welfare of the city, the common desire must be made expressive in united work.

Salt Lake is not singular in forming a combination of parties that conflict on national questions but are impelled to that course for self protection against local disorders. Many of the cities of the east have delivered themselves from similar evils to those which afflict Salt Lake, by temporarily uniting on local issues, while they preserve their party distinctness on national politics.

This is different from organizing a new party or returning to an old one. It is a common impulse against a common danger. It is great folly to raise the cry in this instance that it is a return to old conditions. There is no more likelihood of a reorganization of the defunct People's party than there is of the restoration of British rule over the states of this Union. People who are in their senses will pay no attention to such frenzied ravings as are indulged in by Liberals anxious to save their faction from the utter ruin that stares it in the face.

The endorsement of the Independent ticket for councilmen in the First precinct is an indication that the Democrats and other citizens there determined on municipal reform, intend to do their part to effect this purpose. But the postponement of definite action in the other precincts does not mean apathy, it signifies caution. The action of the original Citizens' committee is awaited. That is wise. It is what THE HERALD advised at the first. When the work of the Citizens' and the Independent movements is before the public, a much better basis will be laid for united action than exists at present.

The utmost freedom should be afforded to every citizen to express his views and vote for the men of his choice. It is the privilege of every aspirant, also, to put himself forward for nomination to office. But discussion of principles or candidates should be conducted in a manner befitting enlightened and civilized freemen. And the principle that "the office should seek the man" ought not to be ignored in the other case. It is unpleasant to see any person so eager for place or so anxious to press the claims of a friend, that personal desires are set over and above the public welfare. And it is not at all creditable to citizens that they cannot debate a public question without disorder and unseemly language. This has reference of course to the only precinct where it is applicable.

But such differences may not be allowed to affect the great issue that lies before us. There is not the slightest doubt that by united action of the better elements of this city, the faction which has gained possession of its government, multiplied its expenses, squandered its funds, increased the taxes, disgraced the municipality, made the city hall a bear garden, and plunged the city in a gulf of debt from which it cannot recover for many years, may be ousted from power and broken up for good. That is the work that is to be done, and THE HERALD will aid in it as soon as some definite plan is formulated and a ticket is agreed upon such as the friends of law, order, economy, honesty and business methods can support.

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Removal.
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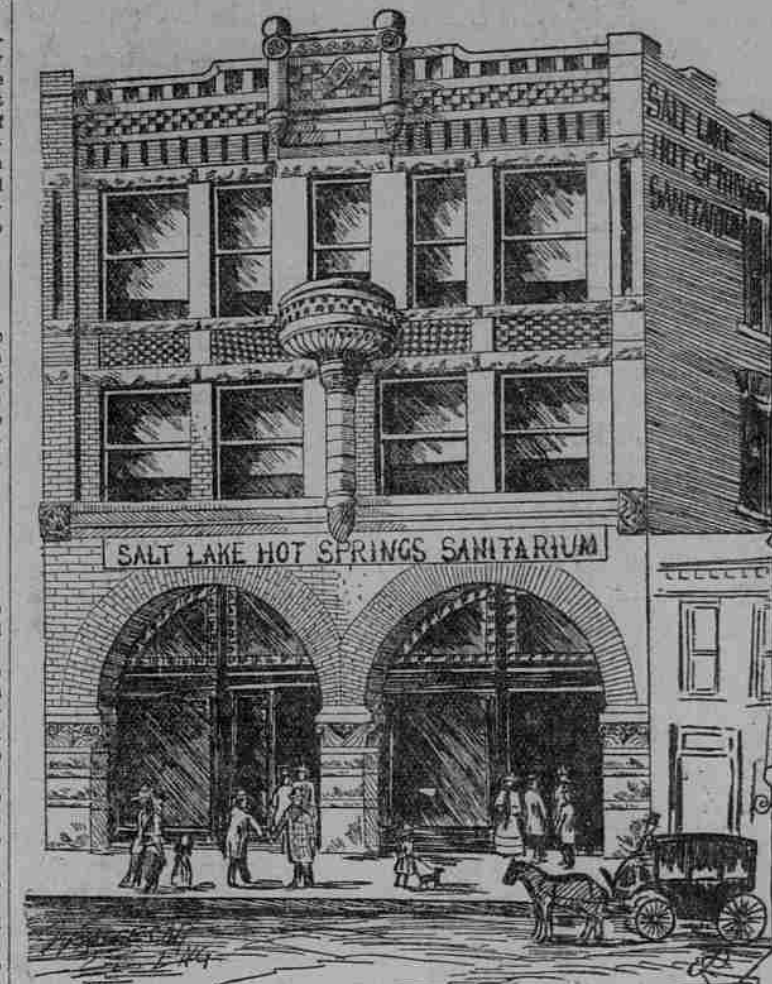
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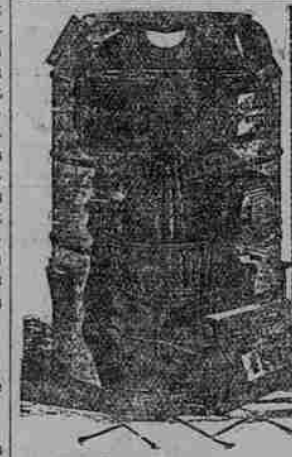
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All Baths 25c, Except for Men with Suits, which are 35c Each.

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Well, they were cooked in a RELIABLE oven and on a RELIABLE gasoline stove. This we don't even think extraordinary. The other day we heard a lady say: "I want a Reliable gasoline stove, because they roast chicken and meats so nicely, besides they save one-half the work these hot days." There is not a particle of danger in using the "1893 Reliabiles" either. The price is only \$15.00, so low that even the poorest family can afford one. We always take pleasure in showing them to all interested in them.

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 SIGN OF THE BIG GUN.
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You cannot safely delegate the work to another. At this time, any one else, no matter what his ability, would be unable to successfully conduct your business, or protect your investments, as well as you can.

But there is a CHANCE that you may at any moment be FORCED thus to turn your affairs over to the management of another—namely, in the event of your death.

Remember that executors often think more about avoiding risks and protecting themselves than of carrying out the spirit of the testator's views. They generally lack experience in the business they are trying to wind up.

This inexperience and possible lack of interest may cost 10 per cent. or 15 per cent. of the value of your estate, or more.

You cannot but recognize the truth of this statement; nevertheless, you can secure this loss by assuring your life for the amount which, in your judgment, your executors would waste in winding up your estate.

You can easily, by economizing a little in your living expenses, pay from your income the premium on a policy for \$50,000 or \$100,000, issued by the strongest financial institution of its kind in the kind in the world—The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, 120 Broadway, New York.

If you then chance to die, your executor will be INSTANTLY in the possession of \$50,000 or \$100,000 of CASH IN HAND, and ready money will have a FOURFOLD VALUE IF DEATH COMES IN TIMES LIKE THESE. On the other hand, if you live, and take your assurance (for example) on the 20-year Tontine Endowment plan, you will YOURSELF reap a rich reward on the maturity of the policy.

The following is an illustration of one out of many such policies maturing in 1893:—

EXAMPLE.

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June 2, 1893. R. J. RILEY.

N. B.—The writer of the above letter has applied to the Equitable for a new policy for five times the amount of the original policy.

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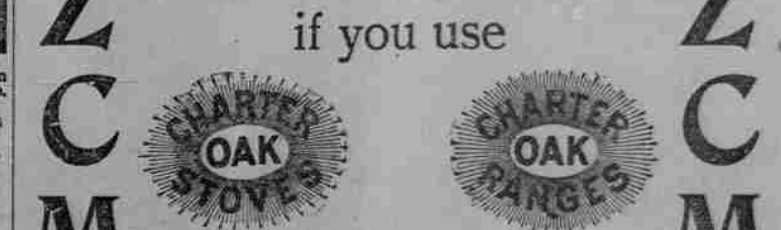


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YOU CAN'T if you use



No other cooking apparatus can compare with them.

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Well, they were cooked in a RELIABLE oven and on a RELIABLE gasoline stove. This we don't even think extraordinary. The other day we heard a lady say: "I want a Reliable gasoline stove, because they roast chicken and meats so nicely, besides they save one-half the work these hot days." There is not a particle of danger in using the "1893 Reliabiles" either. The price is only \$15.00, so low that even the poorest family can afford one. We always take pleasure in showing them to all interested in them.

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